



Some MR contrast agents

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Exogenous CA	- Gd chelates - Mn chelates - Hyperpolarized gases - Iron oxide
Endogenous	{ - Water protons
CA	- Deoxyhemoglobin (BOLD effect)



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Some MR perfusion metods

Dynamic susceptibility contrast (DSC) CA: Gadolinium MR Imaging: T2*w

Arterial spin labelling (ASL) CA: Water MR Imaging : 'T1w'

Dynamic contrast enhanced (DCE) CA: Gadolinium MR Imaging : T1w



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Paramagnetic Contrast, Gd chelates

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Standard DSC Perfusion Protocol

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- Intravenous injection of Gd contrast agent
- Dose: 1-2 mmol/kg body weight
- Bolus injection: 3 5 ml/s
- Rapid imaging using GE-EPI (time resolution = 1-2 seconds)
- Voxel size ~ 2 mm x 2 mm, ~ 4 mm thick slices, 15 30 slices
- Total imaging time required: ~ 2 minutes



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DSC time-series



E. Rostrup



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Conversion of signal units to relaxation rate units

$S(t) = S_0 \exp[-TE \cdot R_2^*(t)]$

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 $S(baseline) = S_0 exp[-TE \cdot R_2^*(baseline)]$

 $S(t)/S(baseline) = exp[-TE \cdot \{R_2^*(t) - R_2^*(baseline)\}]$

 $\Delta R_{2}^{*}(t) = R_{2}^{*}(t) - R_{2}^{*}(baseline)$

$\Delta R_2^*(t) = -\ln[S(t)/S(baseline)]/TE$







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Model-free deconvolution

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$$c_{t}(t) = CBF \cdot \int c_{a}(t') r(t-t') dt'$$

Can be written as a matrix equation

$$C_{+} = \mathbf{A} \cdot \mathbf{R}$$

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There are numerical methods to solve by inverting A

$$\mathsf{R} = \mathsf{A}^{-1} \cdot \mathsf{C}_{\dagger}$$

e.g. Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) or Tikhonov regularization











UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN Dynamic susceptibility contrast (DSC) perfusion

Background:

- MR perfusion methods
- DSC perfusion physics
- DSC perfusion methodology
- Applications:
- Stroke
- 5110KC

Brain tumors

- Caveats:
- Leakage
- Quantification







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Influence of leakage correction on tumor grading



Distortions of dynamic images

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• EPI images usually employed for bolus tracking are prone to distortions

Technical Note Correction of BO-Distortions in Echo-Planar-Imaging–Based Perfusion-Weighted MRI

Integrang "Jacobie Control of Christopher Larsson,"² onas Varda!, ^{1,3,4} Raimo A. Salo, MS,¹ Christopher Larsson,^{1,2} and Mark M. Dale, ^{10,5,4,7} Dominic Holland, PhD,^{1,6} Ingo Raamus Groote, PhD,⁸ nd Atle By-merud, PhD,^{1,4}

uncorrected reference corrected





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UNIVERSITY OF COPENHAGEN Determination of arterial input function

Example of automated AIF



Simulation of field distribution around vessel with Gd



• The AIF is difficult to determine due to the low quality of EPI images

 An AIF outside a large vessel is often preferable

 Many methods in the literature for automated AIF determination

Murase, JMRI (2001) Duhamel, MRM (2006) Bjørnerud, JCBFM (2010)



Dynamic susceptibility contrast (DSC) perfusion

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- MR method for measuring brain perfusion
- Dynamic imaging during Gd bolus injection
- CBF, CBV, MTT can be quantified using model-free deconvolution
- Applications in acute stroke and neuro-oncology
- Beware of methodological issues!

